



The Office Of The Principal and Vice - Chancellor

**NJINGALWATI MS MAKHANYA, THISHELANHLOKO KANYE
NELISEKELA LEMSHANSELA**

**ENYUVESI YASENINGIZIMU
AFRIKA**

**INKHULUMO LESEMCOKA: SIDLO SE-GALA: UMCIMBI
WEMIKLOMELA YELUCWANINGO
4th FLOOR FUNCTION HALL
KGORONG BUILDING
UNISA MUCKLENEUK CAMPUS**

**2 Indlovulenkhulu
2018**

- Umcondzisi Weluhlelo, Dkt Meiya Nthoesane
- Umshansela weNyuvesi yaseNingizimu Afrika, Umhlonishwa Mengameli Wakudzala Thabo Mbeki

- Sihlalo weMkhandlu wase-Unisa, Mnu Sakhi Simelane
(longekho lapha)

- Emalunga eMkhandlu wase-Unisa lakhona lapha
- Emalunga emphakatsi wetitfunywa temave angaphandle
- Dkt Daisy Selematsela, Libamba Lelisekala Lathishelanhloko:
Lucwaningo, Tifundvo Teticu Letiphakeme, Likhono
Iekucamba nekuHweba, kanye nemalunga esigungu lesiphetse
sase-Unisa kanye nebaphatsi nebasebenti labakhona lapha
- Nks Janet Remmington, Umcondzisi Wesigodzi: Umcondzisi
wase-Afrika newekuHlela: Emajenali Ebuciko Bemave
Emhlabo nalophatselene neLuntfu, Taylor & Francis
- Emalunga emphakatsi webhizinisi
- Emacembu ebafundzi newebasebenti
base-Unisa
- Tivakashi tetfu letihloniphekile kulentsambama: bemukeli
bemiklomelo yelucwaningo yetfu
- Bajabulisi betfu kulentsambama, i-New Kopano Quartet
- Tivakashi letihloniphekile, nine bekunene

Yintsambama lehle kini nonkhe. Egameni leMshansela, Umkhandlu neBaphatsi base-Unisa, kuyintfokoto nenhloni pho kimi kunemukela ngetandla letivulekile kulomsebenti lomuhle kulekhala yesikhungo setfu, Umcimbi Wemiklomelo Yelucwaningo neweLikhono Iekucamba wase-Unisa lesiwenta njalo ngemnyaka.

Nga-1995, ngalesikhatsi kucala kuba khona kwe-inthanethi emhlabeni, Terry Evans wakubona kwekutsi “Kuhlanganisa umhlaba kuniketa emave inkinga: bayafinyeleleka kumhlaba, kodvwa umhlaba uhlasela bona.1 Nyalo, nga-2018 angeke sisachubeka ngekulandvula kutsi imfundvo lephakeme emhlabeni wonkhe seyiyantengantenga. Timo letinyenti tetenhlalakahle netemnotfo kanye netembusave takhe luchungechunge lolukhulu loluhlakata lolubumba kabusha umhlaba njengobe siwati, letiphocelala kuhlelwa kabusha kwemumo kanye nendzima yemfundvo kulikusasa lelifiphele kakhulu.

Philip Altbach naHans de Wit bafinyeta lesimo ngalendlela:

Kuhleleka kwemhlabawonkhe kwekuhlanganisa imfundvo lephakeme kuntjintja ngemandla. Lomunye angakubita ‘ngesikhatsi sekuhlanganiswa kwemfundvo lephakeme’ kweminyaka lengu-25 lendlulile (1990–2015) lesikhombise kucabanga kwemanyuvesi futsi kungenteka kutsi seyiphelile nobe, lokungenani, seyisesimeni lesibucayi. Lokukhula lokungenamkhawulo kwekuhlanganisa kwato tonkhe tinhlobo - kufaka ekhatsi kunyakata kwebafundzi emhlabeni lokukhulu, kukhula kwemagatja emanyuvesi, ticu letihlanganisiwe netemafulleyintjayisi, kusetjentiswa kweSingisi njengelulwimi Iwekuchumana nekucwaninga emhlabeni wonkhe kanye

*naletinye tintfo - kubonakala kwangatsi sekufike ekugcineni,
ikakhulukati eYurophu naseMelika leseNyakato.
Ngaphambilini siphikisane ngekutsi iTrumpism, iBrexit kanye
nekukhula kwemcondvo webuve kanye netembusave
letiphikisana nebfikinamtfwalo*

¹ Evans, T. 1995. Luchumanisomhlaba, i-post-Fordism kanye nemfundvo levulekile nemfundvobucalu. Imfundvobucalu, 16(2).

eYurophu beyigucula kubukeka kwemfundvo lephakeme yasemhlabeni. Tehlakalo letilandzele lapho ticiniso lelitsema letfu lekutsi sibona kugucuka lokukhulu ekuhlanganisweni kwemfundvo lephakeme lokutawusho kucabanga kabusha kwemklamo wemave emhlabab wonkhe wemanyuvesi emhlabeni wonkhe.2

Nine bekunene, nangabe besinekungabata ngelicinisa lalesitatimende, nje kuleliviki, Ndvnankhulu wase-British Teresa May umemetele kubuyeketwa kwemnyaka wonkhe kwemfundvo lephakeme e-UK, kantsi futsi i-New Zealand nayo ngalokufanako imemetele “tingcogco letinkhulu” (grand conversation) ngetingucuko kutemfundvo. Loku nje sifundvo lesincane. Lengcogco beseyicociswana ngayo eMelika leseNyakatfo naseYurophu sikhashanyana, futsi emhlabeni losewutfutfukile emavi sekandzile lakhulumu ngesipiloni lesesihanjiwe, labita incabhayi kulesimo sebhuholi lobucatjangwako futsi nekubeka imibono yekulikusasa lemfundvo lephakeme lehlukene ngetindlela letahlukene kunaloku besikwati futsi sikhuenta kufika nyalo, ngalokujabulisako futsi ngekukhula, lekhombisa kubuyela emuva ekutiphatseni lokuhle, kubulungiswa betenhlalo kanye nesiphocelolo sengcondvo yemfundvo njengentfo lenhle emphakatsini nasebantfwini ngekwehlukana.

2 Altbach, PG & de Wit, H. 2018. The challenge to higher education internationalisation. *University World News*, 23 February. Issue No. 494.

Nanobe kungaphikiswana kwekutsi konkhe kucale ngerivolushini ye-IT, futsi ikakhulukati ngekucala kwe-inthanethi, loku kusebente kuveta lokungasimami, nekukhula kwekungalingani kwemphakatsi wasemhlabeni lowehluke kakhulu – lokwehlukana losekutibonakalisa ekuhlakatekeni nasekwehlukaneni kwemasiko emfundvo lephakeme yalabamhloph yakudzala kakhulu. Ngalokungalindzeleki, luchumanisomhlaba kungenteka lwente umhlaba wetfu waba mncane, kodvwa ngekwenta njalo kubonakala kwangatsi luchubekise embili kwati kwabusha kwetfu kwetikhala letibalulekile tengcikitsi, ngekuhambisana nemiphumela lefake lugcosi kitsi sonkhe ngetindlela letisisekelo.

Kodvwa ngabe konkhe loku kutsini kunyuvesi nga-2018? Ikakhulukati, ngabe kusho kutsini ngelucwaningo emanyuvesi etfu?

Tindzaba letimnandzi nguleti:

Lokunyakata kwaseYurophu lokukhulu nesikimi sekusebentisana, Erasmus+, sitawuhlala sikhona – futsi singatfola lokunye kwesekelwa ngetimali. Sigodzi se-ASEAN – Association of Southeast Asian Nations – sitsatse tindlela letifanako njengeNyonyana yaseYurophu ekutfutfukiseni kuhambisana kwetakhiwo temfundvo lephakeme, kwentancono kucinisekiswa kwekhwalithi kanye nekukhulisa kunyakata kwesigodzi futsi nekusebentisana kumkhakha waso wemfundvo lephakeme.

'Kuhlanganiswa ekhaya' ('Internationalisation at home') kanye nekuhlanganiswa lokugcwele sekungene silulumagama semfundvo

*Lephakeme emhlabeni
jikelele.³*

Ku-Unisa, leti tindzaba letimnandzi ngesikhatsi lapho khona simatasatasa kumkhakha losisekelo weluntjintjo ngasembonweni wekuba *yinyuvesi yase-Afrika ekubumbeni likusasa ekusebenteleni bantfu*. Siyamenya kutsi sikhulise bacwaningi betfu, kanye nemiphumela yelucwaningo lwetfu, nekutsi sente lucwaningo lolucondzene nengcikitsi yetfu, futsi sitawukhicita netinzozo letitfutfkisako tema-SDG (ikakhulukati i-SDG 4). Kodvwa siyamenya futsi, ngekuhambisana nelisu nangesimo setfu njengenyuvesi ye-ODeL lemukelwa emhlabeni wonkhe, kutsi sitimbandzakanye elucwaningweni lwekusebentisana nalamanye emave futsi naselucwaningweni lolutawungeta ngetindlela letinebonakalako futsi letinemphumela emtimbeni welwati longetulu kweminyele yetfu futsi loko kutawucinisekisa kubaluleka kwebacwaningi betfu njengebafundzi lababalulekile ngekwengcikitsi.

³ Altbach & de Wit, ibid.

Iphothifoliyo yeLucwaningo, Timfundvo Tangemuva kweticu, Likhonokucamba neKuhweba kwetfu kuniketa indzawo lapho bantfu labanelikhono lekucamba batfutfuka, futsi tindzaba

letimnandzi kutsi baklomelisa imicondvo lenelikhono lekucamba. Ngekuholwa lutsandvo Iwekubona umhlabo kanye nekusebentisa imibono lemisha etinkingeni temhlabo mbamba, lucwaningo e-Unisa alwentiwa kuphela tifundziswa kanye nebafundzi labaneticu. Ematfuba elucwaningo ayaniketwa nakubocwepheshe nakusitafu sekuphatsa, kweluphenyo kutsi lubo yibhizinisi yenyuvesi ngalokubanti. Sibopho setfu sekutfutfukisa bomake, futsi ikakhulukati bomake labasikati, elucwaningweni yintfo yekutigcabha ngayo futsi inemiphumela lemihle kakhulu. Sisekelo sendlela yetfu ngulesibopho sekwenta kahle futsi nekusita bonkhe bacwaningi betfu labasacala lomsebenti, baholi belucwaningo labakhasako kanye nebacwaningi labaphuma emacenjini latsite. Kumalula kakhulu, intfo lekumele yentiwe nangabe sitawuhlangana futsi silwe naletincabhayi letiletfwa simo lesitfutfukako setfu, kanye nesiphocelelo sengucuko yelicinisa futsi letawuhlala sikhatsi lesidze.

Nine bekunene, ngekubuka loluhla loludze Iwebemukeli bemiklomelo kulobusuku (labangetulu kwemashumi lasikhombisa), kanye nemgamu wetimfuno tabo nemisebenti yabo, ngiyatsema kutsi ngingasho ngekutetsema kutsi e-Unisa sihamba etinyatselweni letihle. Siyakhona kuhalanganisa siphocelelo lesitfutfukako, kubaluleka kwengcikitsi, nebucinisa belivekati nebemhlabo wonkhe, futsi sonkhe singatigcaþha

kakhulu ngaloko.

Nanobe kunjalo kunemsebenti lomnyenti lekumele wentiwe. Ngaphandle kwekutsi kunekukhula lokunyenti kumiphumela, lucwaningo lolusuka e-Afrika lume nje ngetulu kwa 2% welinani lasemhlabeni, bese cishe lube ngu 1% welinani loluphuma e-sub-Saharan Africa. Ngenhlanhla lembi lamanani mancane kakhulu. Sibophelekile ngekwemsebenti kutsi sitishaye sifuba ngemavi etfu nangetindzawo tebuhlakani betfu kumisebenti yelivekati neyemhlaba wonkhe. Sikhatsi sekwenta loko sesifikile.

Namuhla sihlangane lapha kutewuhlonipha bacwaningi betfu labahlakaniphile futsi labahamba embili ngebucwepheshe babo, kutiniketa kwabo kulucwaningo naselukhoneni Iwekucamba futsi nemphumelelo lebonisako kutsi baphumelele. Siyabonga kini nonkhe, ngekutinikela kwenu nekutibophelela kumfundzate wenu, lokuchaza kusebenta kwenu kahle lokungagucuku. Akusimalula kwenta lucwaningo ngehlanye ufundzisa. Kudzinga kutsi uhambe umgamu lowengetiwe - futsi loku kuvame kungabi yintfo lehle kulaba labasekhaya, ngako-ke sibonga iminden i yenu nabo bonkhe labasondzelene ngelusito nangekutinikela kwabo.

Kubemukeli bemiklomela yetfu kulentsambama, siyabonga kakhulu ngekutinikela kwenu nangebucwepheshe benu. Sitiva sihloniphekile ngekubonga imitamo yenu netimphumelelo namuhla. Sinitfulela sigcoko, siyanihalalisela, futsi sijabula nani siphindze sitigcabhe nani.

Ngiyabonga.